

Table 2  
Competencies Required for Specific Family Medicine Roles

	Teacher-Administrator		Teacher-Educator		Teacher-Researcher		Teacher-Clinician			
	Chair	Residency Director	Clinic Director	Director of Education	Pedagogical Director	Clerkship Director	Director of Research	Research Faculty	Community Preceptor	Clinical Faculty
<b>Leadership</b>										
Develops a shared vision	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓			
Discusses how program priorities and goals relate to institutional mission	✓	✓								
Accepts different perspectives/approaches, balances individual success with team success, can work with a variety of individuals	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			
Builds teams and balances individual success with team success	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓			
Establishes clear goals, invites input, weighs evidence, and acts accordingly	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			
<b>Administration</b>										
Develops and implements a system-wide change and measures effectiveness of intervention	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			
Develops and operates within the constraints of a budget	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			
Demonstrates fiscal responsibility and attention to values in managing a project/program/grant	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓		
Demonstrates skills in grant writing and resource acquisition	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓		
Intervenes effectively with a challenging employee or subordinate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Creates supportive environment for self-improvement and organizational growth	✓	✓		✓			✓			
Describes environmental pressures on health science center/residency program and effects on faculty roles and functions	✓	✓								
<b>Teaching</b>										
Demonstrates bedside teaching		✓	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓
Prepares and introduces patient and learner		✓	✓			✓			✓	✓
Demonstrates skills in physical exam and patient interaction		✓	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓
Observes and solicits questions from patients		✓	✓			✓			✓	✓
Evaluates learning and provides feedback for further patient assignments		✓	✓			✓			✓	✓
Identifies and analyzes teaching and learning styles		✓		✓	✓				✓	✓
Manages difficult learners and dysfunctional behavior in one-to-one and small-group teaching		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Implements different evaluation methods (NBME shelf exams; modified essay questions; problem-based learning exercises; OSCEs and standardized patient vignettes; computer-based examinations; self-assessment; peer, preceptor, staff, and patient evaluation)		✓		✓	✓	✓				
<b>Curriculum Development</b>										
Conducts a needs assessment that includes program and learner needs		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
Designs a curriculum or program that includes development of learner		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Determines program content		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓			
Develops instructional materials that best facilitate learning		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Evaluates instruction and translates learning objectives to competency		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Uses evaluation information to make changes in the course/program		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓

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Table 2  
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	Teacher-Administrator		Teacher-Educator		Teacher-Researcher		Teacher-Clinician			
	Chair	Residency Director	Clinic Director	Director of Education	Predoctoral Director	Clerkship Director	Director of Research	Research Faculty	Community Preceptor	Clinical Faculty
<b>Research</b>										
Communicates research results to professional audiences by peer-reviewed abstracts, posters, oral presentations, and publications	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Creates supportive research infrastructure and environment	✓	✓		✓			✓			
Promotes research and scholarly activities within the academic unit, hospital, medical school, and/or university	✓	✓		✓			✓	✓		
Prepares research proposals	✓			✓			✓	✓		
Leads research skill development among faculty, residents, and students							✓	✓		
Values research in decisions affecting annual reviews and promotion/tenure	✓	✓		✓			✓	✓		
Locates funding sources	✓	✓		✓			✓	✓		
Participates in professional societies and networks with similar research interests							✓	✓		
Role models, mentors, and actively teaches research skills to students, residents, and faculty							✓	✓		
Manages all phases of research projects (timelines, budget, personnel)							✓	✓		
<b>Medical Informatics</b>										
Teaches principles of medical reasoning, decision making, probability, and evaluation of decision-making systems		✓	✓		✓					✓
Defines quality analysis, resource indicators, activity monitors, productivity	✓		✓				✓			✓
Discusses clinical informatics, including quality, accuracy, and interpretation of medical data variables	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓
Utilizes office computers, including practice management systems, computerized medical records, and analysis of clinical activity	✓	✓	✓						✓	✓
<b>Care Management</b>										
Develops evaluation methods for MDs in training to reflect performance standards generated by health care delivery systems		✓	✓		✓	✓				
Teaches contract review and negotiations	✓	✓	✓						✓	✓
Demonstrates how to function effectively in a managed care environment while preserving the educational mission	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓
Balances needs of the individual/family with those of the community while providing patient-centered care	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓
<b>Multiculturalism</b>										
Performs culturally sensitive histories and physical examinations	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓
Works with family, translators, and complementary medical practitioners, treatment plans	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓

NBME—National Board of Medical Examiners  
OSCE—Objective Structured Clinical Exam