What are DDx (differential diagnoses)?

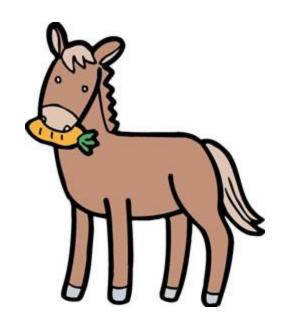
DDx

- ▶ These are Zebras in this case.
 - neoplasm
 - Trauma
 - Metabolic
 - Toxcin
 - Drug
 - Autoimmune



DDx-infectious causes

- Influenza virus infection
- CAP (Community acquired pneumonia)
 - Streptococcus pneumoniae
 - Mycoplasma pnemoniae
 - H. influenzae
 - Chlamydia
 - Legionella
- Acute bronchitis
- ▶ TB
- Coxsackie B virus
- Acute HIV infection



Back to the case

- Intravenous vancomycin and ceftriaxone were administered, and levofloxacin was added later.
- Was intubated 8 hours after administration.
- In spite of intensive care and aggressive fluid resuscitation, his BP went down to 82/55mmHg 28 hours after administration.
- Thirty-one hours after presentation, bradycardia developed, followed rapidly by asystole, and cardio-pulmonary resuscitation was initiated.
- The patient was pronounced dead 32 hours after arrival in the emergency room

Back to the case

The microbiology laboratory reported the detection of influenza A antigen in a nasal swab after death.

Clinical Dx

Influenza A infection with shock, caused by either bacterial superinfection or possibly influenza, complicated by rhabdomyolysis, renal failure possibly due to rhabdomyolysis, and DIC.

Anatomical Dx

- Influenza A infection
- rhabdomyolysis
- Myoglobinuria
- viral tracheobronchitis and pneumonia
- virus-associated cardiac changes and pericardial effusion.
- DIC
- Hepatic centrilobular necrosis.
- Cardiac hypertrophy of unknown cause.